Three Phytoseiid Mites from Korea  
(Acari: Phytoseiidae)

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Abstract: Phytoseius (Phytoseius) koreanus Ryu et EHARA, n. sp. was described from Korea. Amblyseius volgini WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV and A. quaesitus WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV, previously recorded only from the U.S.S.R. and China, were redescribed based on Korean specimens. Amblyseius magnus WU is a synonym of A. volgini, and A. (A.) repletus WU et Li is a synonym of A. quaesitus.

Up to the present, nine species belonging to the mite family Phytoseiidae have been recorded from Korea (LEE, 1961; LEE and RYU, 1989; DENMARK and MUMA, 1989; RYU and EHARA, 1990). In the present paper a new species of Phytoseius RIBAGA is described from this country, and two unrecorded Korean species of Amblyseius BERLESE are redescribed. The setal nomenclature follows that of CHANT and HANSELL (1971) and ROWELL et al. (1978). All measurements are given in micrometers. The type series of the new species is retained in the Department of Biology, College of Natural Sciences, Chonbuk National University.

Phytoseius (Phytoseius) koreanus Ryu et EHARA, n. sp.  
(Figs. 1–8)

Female. Idiosoma 395 long, 261 wide at level of waist: dorsal shield 311 long, 169 wide at level of waist. Dorsal shield rugose. Setae on dorsal shield: j1, j3, z3, Z4, Z5, s4, s6, and r3 stout, strongly serrate, set on tubercles; z4 serrate; the remaining setae short, smooth; s4 and Z5 longer than s6 and Z4; r3 longer than j3, z3, and j1; z3 slightly longer than j3. Peritreme extending to seta j1; peritrematal shield fused anteriorly with dorsal shield. Sternal shield with three pairs of setae; metasternal platelets variable in shape. Ventrianal shield slender, narrower

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than genital shield, concave laterally, with three pairs of preanal setae, sometimes one or two of ZV2 absent on the shield; no preanal pores. Seta JV5 stout, strongly serrate. A pair of very slender, metapodal platelets. Spermatheca as figured. Fixed digit of chelicera with three subapical teeth, one middle tooth, and pilus dentilis; the movable digit unidentate. Chaetotaxic formula:

Fig. 1–8 Phytoseius (Phytoseius) koreanus RYU et EHARA, n. sp. 1, dorsum (♀); 2, venter of idiosoma (♀); 3, spermatheca; 4, chelicera (♀); 5, genu, tibia, and tarsus of leg IV (♀); 6, dorsum of idiosoma (♂); 7, chelicera (♂); 8, ventrianal shield (♂).
Phytoseiid Mites from Korea

genu II, 2-2/0, 2/0-1; genu III, 1-2/0, 2/0-1. Leg IV with four blunt-ended macrosetae. Lengths of setae\(^1\) (n = 10); j1 33.3 ± 0.6, j3 30.9 ± 0.7, j4 7.3 ± 0.3, j5 6.7 ± 0.2, j6 7.0 ± 0.3, j5 8.3 ± 0.4, z2 12.8 ± 0.6, z3 34.8 ± 0.5, z4 20.1 ± 0.9, z5 6.8 ± 0.2, Z4 73.6 ± 1.6, Z5 91.6 ± 2.3, s4 94.0 ± 2.0, s6 78.5 ± 2.4, r3 47.8 ± 0.8, JV5 61.7 ± 1.3, macrosetae on leg IV: genu 17.7 ± 0.6, tibia 61.2 ± 1.9, basitarsus 32.3 ± 0.8, telotarsus 31.2 ± 0.5.

**Male.** Idiosoma 275 long, 179 wide at level of waist. Peritremal shield not extending beyond seta j1. Ventrianal shield not fused with peritrematal shield, with three pairs of preanal setae; four pairs of pores. Fixed digit of chelicera with three subapical teeth and pilus dentilis; the movable digit unidentate. Spermatodactyl as figured. Chaetotaxic formula of genua II and III same as for female. Leg IV with four blunt-ended macrosetae. Lengths of setae (n = 10): j1 25.2 ± 0.2, j3 24.9 ± 0.6, j4 6.5 ± 0.3, j5 6.2 ± 0.1, j6 6.4 ± 0.2, J5 5.9 ± 0.2, z2 9.9 ± 0.3, z3 24.9 ± 0.7, z4 14.7 ± 0.5, z5 6.2 ± 0.1, Z4 54.1 ± 1.3, Z5 45.9 ± 1.6, s4 52.5 ± 1.3, s6 45.5 ± 1.4, r3 33.3 ± 0.7, JV5 19.1 ± 0.6, macrosetae on leg IV: genu 14.7 ± 0.6, tibia 24.3 ± 1.1, basitarsus 23.6 ± 0.7, telotarsus 22.9 ± 0.4.

**Type series.** Holotype: ♂, Mujuguchondong, Mt. Tokyu, Muju, Chonbuk, 4-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Ulmus davidiana PLANCH. var. japonica (REHD.) NAKAI. Allotype: ♀, data the same as for holotype. Paratypes: 2 ♀ & 3 ♂, Mujuguchondong, Mt. Tokyu, Muju, Chonbuk, 16-VIII-1988 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Ulmus davidiana var. japonica; 3 ♀ & 2 ♂, Mujuguchondong, Mt. Tokyu, Muju, Chonbuk, 7-VIII-1988 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Styrax obassia SIEB. et ZUCC.

**Remarks.** Phytoseius koreanus is close to P. carpineus WAINSTEIN, 1978 (Primorsky Territory, U.S.S.R.), and P. gianshanensis LIANG et KE, 1981 (Liaoning Province, China). However, P. koreanus is readily distinguished from the two species by the relative lengths of the dorsal idiosomal setae.

**Amblyseius volgini** WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV (Figs. 9–18)

Amblyseius volgini WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV, 1971, p. 1804, Fig. 2.

**Female.** Body brown in colour. Idiosoma 427 long, 300 wide at level of R1; dorsal shield 389 long, 238 wide at level of waist. Dorsal shield smooth, with at least seven pairs of small pores. Setae on dorsal shield: Z5 the longest, barbed; Z4 slightly barbed; the remaining setae smooth; s4 longer than j3: S2 longer than Z1; z2 longer than z4. Setae r3 and R1 on interscutal membrane, smooth. Peritreme extending to between setae j1; peritrematal shield fused anteriorly with dorsal shield, with a posterior transverse suture. Sternal shield with three pairs of setae; metasternal platelets much longer than wide. Ventrianal shield longer than wide, wider than

\(^1\) Mean ± S.E.
Figs. 9–18 *Amblyseius volgini* WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV. 9, dorsum (♀); 10, venter of idiosoma (♀); 11–12, spermatheca; 13, chelicera (♀); 14, peritrematal shield (♀); 15, genu, tibia, and basitarsus of leg IV (♀); 16, dorsum of idiosoma (♂); 17, chelicera (♂); 18, ventrianal shield (♂).
Phytoseiid Mites from Korea

genital shield, with lateral margins slightly concave. Three pairs of preanal setae on ventrianal shield; a pair of pores behind and very slightly mesad of posterior preanals. Seta JV5 smooth. Two pairs of slender metapodal platelets, the posterior pair much larger. Spermatheca as figured. Fixed digit of chelicera multidentate, with pilus dentilis; the movable digit with three teeth. Chaetotaxic formula: genu II, 2-2/0, 2/0-1; genu III, 1-2/1, 2/0-1. Leg IV with three tapering macrosetae; genua II and III with a macroseta. Lengths of setae (n = 10): j1 23.8 ± 0.7, j3 40.1 ± 0.3, j4 7.5 ± 0.2, j5 6.6 ± 0.2, j6 7.3 ± 0.2, J2 7.1 ± 0.2, J5 9.8 ± 0.2, z2 19.0 ± 0.7, z4 13.8 ± 0.8, z5 5.9 ± 0.2, Z1 9.9 ± 0.3, Z4 65.7 ± 0.9, Z5 101.2 ± 1.5, s4 46.0 ± 0.5, S2 21.8 ± 0.8, S4 11.9 ± 0.6, S5 10.5 ± 0.3, r3 18.6 ± 0.3, R1 18.7 ± 0.6, JV5 52.4 ± 0.6, macrosetae on leg IV: genu 65.9 ± 1.4, tibia 52.1 ± 1.3, basitarsus 72.8 ± 1.0.

Male. Idiosoma 335 long, 250 wide at level of R1. Setae r3 and R1 on dorsal shield. Peritreme extending to between setae j1. Ventrianal shield reticulate, fused with peritrematal shield; four pairs of preanal setae; five pairs of preanal pores. Chelicera with seven teeth and pilus dentilis on fixed digit; the movable digit unidentate. Spermatodactyl as figured. Chaetotaxic formula of genua II and III same as for female. Leg IV with three tapering macrosetae. Lengths of setae (n = 6): j1 21.8 ± 0.8, j3 39.8 ± 1.3, j4 6.8 ± 0.4, j5 6.7 ± 0.3, j6 7.5 ± 0.2, J2 7.0 ± 0.4, J5 8.7 ± 0.2, z2 13.8 ± 0.9, z4 (n = 5) 12.8, z5 5.8 ± 0.4, Z1 9.3 ± 0.4, Z4 61.7 ± 1.4, Z5 88.5 ± 2.5, s4 43.8 ± 0.9, S2 20.2 ± 0.8, S4 12.0 ± 0.4, S5 11.0 ± 0.4, r3 17.7 ± 0.5, R1 16.5 ± 0.3, JV5 40.3 ± 1.9, macrosetae on leg IV: genu 53.2 ± 1.2, tibia 38.5 ± 1.2, basitarsus 60.3 ± 2.4.


Remarks. Prior to the present paper Amblyseius volgini was recorded from the U.S.S.R. (Primorsky Territory) and China (Northeast China, as magnus).

Amblyseius quaesitus WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV
(Figs. 19–27)

Amblyseius quaesitus WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV, 1971, p. 1810, Fig. 7.
Female. Idiosoma 350 long, 253 wide at level of R1; dorsal shield 313 long, 200 wide at level of waist. Dorsal shield imbricate, with at least four pairs of small pores. Setae on dorsal shield: Z5 the longest, barbed; the remaining setae much smaller, smooth. Setae r3 and R1 on interscutal membrane, smooth. Peritreme extending to seta j1; peritrematal shield fused anteriorly.

Figs. 19–27 *Amblyseius quaesitus* WAINSTEIN et BEGLJAROV. 19, dorsum (♀); 20, sternal shield (♀); 21, posterior ventral surface (♀); 22, spermatheca; 23, chelicera (♀); 24, genu, tibia, and basitarsus of leg IV (♀); 25, dorsum of idiosoma (♂); 26, chelicera (♂); 27, ventrianal shield (♂).
Phytoseiid Mites from Korea

with dorsal shield, with a posterior transverse suture. Sternal shield with posterior margin straight
or slightly concave, with three pairs of setae, Metasternal platelets much longer than wide. Ventrianal shield approximately pentagonal, wider than genital shield; the lateral margins slightly
concave; a pair of pores in a transverse line with the posterior preanal. Seta JV5 smooth. Two
pairs of metapodal platelets, the posterior pair much larger. Spermatheca as figured. Chelicera
with eight teeth and pilus dentilis on fixed digit; the movable digit with two teeth. Chaetotaxic
formula: genu II, 2-2/0, 2/0-1; genu III, 1-2/1, 2/0-1. Leg IV with three blunt macrosetae.
Lengths of setae (n = 10); j1 19.4 ± 0.3, j3 19.0 ± 0.3, j4 13.2 ± 0.4 j5 14.2 ± 0.3, j6 13.9 ± 0.5,
J2 16.4 ± 0.5, J5 10.3 ± 0.3, z2 16.1 ± 0.4, z4 17.4 ± 0.4, z5 12.9 ± 0.4, Z1 16.3 ± 0.5, Z4 24.6 ± 0.6,
Z5 72.6 ± 1.1, s4 19.9 ± 0.4, S2 17.6 ± 0.5, S4 15.9 ± 0.5, S5 15.6 ± 0.6, r3 16.5 ± 0.4, R1 15.5 ± 0.4,
JV5 25.5 ± 0.9, macrosetae on leg IV: genu 10.8 ± 0.2, tibia 16.7 ± 0.3, basitarsus 31.7 ± 0.7.

Male. Idiosoma 267 long, 190 wide at level of R1. Setae r3 and R1 on dorsal shield. Peritreme
extending to seta j1. Ventrianal shield fused with peritrematal shield, with three pairs of preanal
setae; a pair of pores in a transverse line with the posterior preanal. Chelicera with seven teeth
and pilus dentilis on fixed digit; the movable digit unidentate. Spermatodactyl as figured.
Chaetotaxic formula of genua II and III same as for female. Lengths of setae (n = 10); j1
17.7 ± 0.3, j3 19.7 ± 0.4, j4 10.5 ± 0.2, j5 10.1 ± 0.3, j6 10.7 ± 0.3, J2 11.4 ± 0.4, J5 9.1 ± 0.3,
z2 11.7 ± 0.5, z4 14.9 ± 0.4, z5 10.2 ± 0.3, Z1 11.2 ± 0.2, Z4 20.8 ± 0.4, Z5 50.3 ± 1.0, s4 15.9 ± 0.5,
S2 13.1 ± 0.4, S4 11.8 ± 0.4, S5 12.5 ± 0.3, r3 14.2 ± 0.3, R1 11.4 ± 0.2, JV5 19.0 ± 0.3, macrosetae
on leg IV: genu 8.9 ± 0.3, tibia 14.4 ± 0.3, basitarsus 27.6 ± 0.5.

Specimens examined. Three ♀♂ & 5♀♀, Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk, 19-VIII-1988
(M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Castanea crenata Sieb. et Zucc.; 2♂♀, Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk,
19-VIII-1988 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Meliosma myriantha Sieb. et Zucc.; 2♂♀, Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk,
Kochang, Chonbuk, 25-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Carpinus tschonoskii Maxim.; 1♀,
Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk, 25-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Corylus heterophylla
Fisch.; 3♂♀ & 4♀♀, Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk, 25-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on
Prunus serrulata Lindley var. spontanea (Maxim.) Makino.

Remarks: Amblyseius quaesitus was previously recorded from the U.S.S.R. (Primorsky
Territory) and China (Hubei Province, as repletus).

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of Toronto, Canada, for his valuable suggestions and help.

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19-VIII-1988 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Meliosma myriantha Sieb. et Zucc.; 2♂♀, Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk,
Kochang, Chonbuk, 25-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Carpinus tschonoskii Maxim.; 1♀,
Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk, 25-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on Corylus heterophylla
Fisch.; 3♂♀ & 4♀♀, Mt. Seonun, Kochang, Chonbuk, 25-VII-1990 (M.-O. Ryu leg.), on
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of Toronto, Canada, for his valuable suggestions and help.

摘 要

韓国産の3種のカプリダニが取り扱われた。この中の1種は、新種Phytoseius (Phytoseius) koreanus Ryu
et Eharaとして記載された。また、ソ連の沿海州と中国から知られているAmblyseius volgini Wainstein
et Beglijarov, A. quaesitus Wainstein et Beglijarovの両種が、韓国から初めて記載され、再記載された。
M.O. Ryu and S.EHARA

なお、A. magnus WUはA. volginiの、A. (A.) repletes WU LiはA. quaesitusの、それぞれ同物異名である。

References


