[PICTURES IN CLINICAL MEDICINE]

A Duck after Treatment for Extensive Organizing Pneumonia

Ryosuke Hamanaka, Kosaku Komiya, Kazufumi Hiramatsu and Jun-ichi Kadota

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Picture.

A 69-year-old man visited our hospital due to persistent cough and sputum, and high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) showed parenchymal exudates with ground-glass opacities in both lungs (Picture A). A transbronchial lung biopsy (TBLB) showed intra-alveolar organization with

lymphocyte infiltration (Picture B). We diagnosed him with organizing pneumonia and treated him with 30 mg/day of oral prednisolone. After treatment, most of the infiltrates observed on HRCT diminished, but a duck-shaped nodule appeared in the right lower lobe (Picture C). We re-performed

Respiratory Medicine and Infectious Diseases, Oita University Faculty of Medicine, Japan

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Correspondence to Dr. Kosaku Komiya, komiya1@oita-u.ac.jp

a TBLB of the nodule, which revealed large-cell carcinoma with a high cytoplasmic-to-nuclear size ratio (Picture D). Although lung cancer is known to cause secondary organizing pneumonia occasionally (1), a case with a hidden nodule in the extensive organizing pneumonia has never been reported. Local immune responses to the tumor might be associated with the development of organizing pneumonia (2). When unresolved organizing pneumonia is encountered, aggressive diagnostic approaches are required.

The authors state that they have no Conflict of Interest (COI).

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